COURSE DESCRIPTION

This course deals with practice theories and techniques for working with children and adolescents and their parents. The course will provide grounding in attachment/transactional, developmental, psychodynamic, and ethnic/cultural perspectives. We will address major clinical concepts, including: assessment, treatment planning, treatment process, intervention techniques and work with parents. The course is organized in terms of the sequence of development and we will discuss clinical issues and treatment approaches relevant to each developmental stage. We will look at intervention approaches appropriate to different mental health problems, and several classes will be devoted to topics especially relevant to social work practice, including treatment of foster children, physically and sexually abused children, developmentally disabled and chronically ill children, severely disturbed children and adolescents and delinquent adolescents.

The aims of the course are to deepen the student's clinical understanding and skills; to teach the usefulness of a developmental perspective; and to increase the student's knowledge of normal development and psychopathology in childhood and adolescence.

The course format combines lectures conveying conceptual information with case presentations illustrating practice.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:

1. Describe the primary tasks and characteristics of each developmental stage in the following areas: sense of self, relation to reality, cognitive characteristics, defenses and coping mechanisms, play, and moral development.

2. Assess the impact of temperament and parental reactions to temperament on the development of the child.

3. Summarize the role of attachment across child and adolescent development, including: transactional patterns of attachment during infancy, difficulties in attachment, working models of attachment as a template for expectations of relationships, and attachment as a perspective on reactions to loss, divorce, entry into foster care and adoption.

4. Assess the balance of risk and protective factors for a child or adolescent, utilizing concepts of stress, resiliency, coping mechanisms and developmental level.

5. Identify developmentally appropriate techniques for engaging child and adolescent clients.
6. Describe and apply a number of evaluation procedures including: direct observation of the child, play interviews, developmentally appropriate interviews with adolescents, parent interviews, family interviews and collateral interviews with teachers, caseworkers and other professionals.

7. Discuss how methods of assessment and intervention may be affected by issues in the treatment relationship (including the impact of race, ethnicity, gender, social class, sexual orientation, power and privilege), and by special issues presented by the client (including physical and sexual abuse, foster care, developmental disability, chronic illness, severe psychiatric disturbance, adolescent risk-taking, substance abuse and delinquency).

8. Develop intervention plans relevant to the needs of children, adolescents and parents (including sensitivity to developmental level, gender, race, ethnicity, social class, sexual orientation and special abilities).

9. Select and apply appropriate interventions from the following approaches: parent-child/adolescent therapy, play therapy, parent guidance, parent training, and group treatment.

RELATIONSHIP OF THE COURSE TO FOUR CURRICULAR THEMES

- **Multiculturalism and Diversity** will be addressed through discussion of worker-client differences and power/privilege differentials based on culture, ethnicity, race, gender, and social class, in the context of case presentations.

- **Social Justice and Social Change** will be addressed through discussion of differences between problems responsive to interpersonal practice interventions and problems--such as poverty, discrimination, disenfranchisement--which require systemic as well as individual interventions. Advocacy for disadvantaged, victimized, and inappropriately served children, youth and their families will also be emphasized in case presentations.

- **Promotion, Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation** will be addressed through discussion of early intervention, parent guidance, and advocacy as methods of preventing or mitigating later developmental problems. Intervention theories and techniques which support the child's or adolescent's developmental potentials will also be discussed.

- **Behavioral and Social Science Research** will be addressed in relationship to the selection, monitoring, and evaluation of intervention, with specific emphasis on current research in the areas of developmental psychopathology, attachment, risk, resiliency and coping, trauma, and maltreatment.

RELATIONSHIP OF THE COURSE TO SOCIAL WORK ETHICS AND VALUES

Discussions will explore social work ethics and values regarding confidentiality, self-determination, and respect for cultural and religious differences when working with children, adolescents and their families. In addition, we will discuss the complexities of decision making in cases where children and adolescents are at risk, and will explore how the Code of Ethics can guide our thinking and decision-making.

PAPERS

Two papers are required. The aim of the papers is to give you a chance to reflect on your clinical work or casework in a concentrated and organized manner. Grading will be based on clarity of expression, following the terms of the assignment and quality of understanding of clinical issues.

All students will do Assignment # 1. Assignment # 2 offers a choice, depending on your experience. Students beginning field placements this term will probably want to do Assignment #2A, which focuses on evaluation and treatment planning. Students who have been in placement longer may prefer to write Assignment #2B which deals with ongoing treatment.

Although the assignments are quite detailed in their expectations, I recognize that not all cases will "fit" the assignment. I am willing to modify the assignments to match the realities of your practice. If you need to alter or
reformulate the assignments to reflect the particular work you are doing, please discuss with me before writing the papers.

To preserve client confidentiality, please disguise your case material, by using pseudonyms for all family members, omitting or changing specific geographical information and avoiding mention of details which identify clients.

Assignment #1: The subject of the first paper will be the use of observation and information gathering in the development of clinical hypotheses and treatment planning in intervention with children and adolescents and their parents or caregivers. In the assessment and treatment process, "critical incidents" occur which crystallize the practitioner's understanding of a case. A critical incident may take various forms. Examples: a repeated play sequence, the reporting of an important memory, fantasy or dream, an observed interaction between child and parent(s), a particular transference (or counter-transference) response, a style of resistance, information about traumatic or stressful events in the client's or family's history, results of psychological/educational testing in a client's school file. What makes such an incident "critical" is that it enables the social worker to reach a clearer understanding of the client's experience, circumstances and internal psychological processes. From this understanding, hypotheses can be generated and interventions can be planned.

For this paper, write up an evaluation of a child or adolescent according to the following outline:
1) Give a brief background statement which includes presenting problem, family circumstances, psychosocial history and relevant developmental information.
2) Describe one or a few critical incidents which enabled you to come to a clearer understanding of the case. Be concrete, specific and detailed in your presentation of the clinical material. (Selecting material from process recordings of interviews is a very appropriate way to present critical incidents.)
3) Discuss the hypothesis(es) or formulation derived from thinking about this material. The clinical hypothesis should make an explicit connection between current symptoms, and contextual factors, including family situation, psychosocial history, developmental factors, and other significant factors which help explain the development of the client's symptoms or difficulties.
4) Discuss the intervention plan which emerged from this process, including goals for both the child or adolescent and the parent or other caregiver.

Length: 9-10 pages Due: February 21, 2005 Counts 50% of course grade

Assignment #2: Do A or B.

Alternative A: Choose a child or adolescent (and parents) with whom you have begun to work. I would prefer you write about a different client from the first paper. If you need to write about the same client, please discuss with me. Write a detailed summary of an assessment (and, if relevant, the early treatment work) that includes:
1) Precipitant for referral, presenting problem and psychosocial/family history. Include also a discussion of protective factors, risk factors and environmental issues.
2) Formulation of a clinical hypothesis (or hypotheses) which takes into account developmental, psychodynamic and family/interactional issues.
3) Treatment plan, in terms of treatment format and specific goals of treatment. Indicate your rationale for choosing the approach you did. The relationship between the clinical hypotheses and treatment plan should be clearly stated. If relevant, describe components of the treatment plan which involve case management, as an adjunct or alternative to clinical work, such as referral for other services, coordination with other professionals, etc. If multiple systems (such as foster care, juvenile court, medical personnel, school personnel, day care, etc.) are involved with the client, discuss your plans for interacting with these other parties and indicate any need you see to advocate on behalf of your client with these systems and individuals.
4) Description of your beginning relationship with the clients--both child or adolescent and parents. Describe some critical incidents which illustrate the initial relationship, and discuss any transference and countertransference issues that appear to be emerging. Describe any racial/ethnic/class issues that may influence the relationship, if relevant. Assess the family's motivation for treatment by discussing strengths and weaknesses in the clients and their circumstances that may promote or impede successful intervention.
5) Describe your feelings regarding the prognosis for successful intervention and analyze the reasons for your point of view.
Alternative B: Choose a child or adolescent (and parents) with whom you have worked during this year. I would prefer you write about a different client from the first paper. If you need to write about the same client, please discuss with me. Write a case review that includes:

1) Precipitant for referral, presenting problem and brief psychosocial/family history. Include also a brief discussion of risk factors and environmental issues.

2) Formulation of a clinical hypothesis (or hypotheses) which takes into account developmental, psychodynamic and family/interactional issues.

3) Treatment plan. Indicate your rationale for choosing the approach you did.

4) Describe the treatment relationship in terms of attachment and transference issues. Note counter-transference and ethnic/cultural issues, if relevant.

5) Descriptive account of the treatment process, including critical incidents in treatment, and an assessment of the client's progress in terms of the objectives of the treatment plan. Though the focus of this part should be on the treatment process with the child or adolescent, also include an account of work with parent(s). This section should be the bulk of the paper.

6) Brief account of case management issues (if relevant) and contacts with others involved with the child/adolescent, e.g. school personnel, foster care worker, day care provider, probation officer, etc.

7) Plans for continuing treatment, termination or transfer. If ongoing treatment is needed, note future treatment goals.

8) Conclude with a brief personal statement of why this case has been a valuable learning experience.

Length: 9-10 pages. Due: April 4, 2005 Counts 50% of course grade

Alternative Paper Topics: Students who do not have a child or adolescent clients can discuss alternative topics with me. This option is open only to those students not doing direct work with children, adolescents and their parents. Possible topics include doing, or an observation of a child and/or interview with a parent (examples of this assignment are the exercises at the ends of the practice chapters in Child Development: A Practitioner’s Guide, see pp. 191-2, 257-8, 334, and 418), or a research paper on intervention approaches to a particular problem of childhood or adolescence.

ATTENDANCE, PARTICIPATION AND READING
All these are expected. Class attendance is important because lectures and discussion will focus on the details of how to practice. Frequent absences are not acceptable and will result in a lowering of the course grade. If you are unable to attend class, please call or E-Mail me in advance. Although participation is not factored in as a percentage of the course grade, active participation will make a difference if a student’s written work is at the border between two grades.

TEXTS and HANDOUTS
1) Texts (available at Shaman Drum Bookshop, 313 South State).

2) I will be passing out a number of handouts on developmental and clinical topics.

COURSE OUTLINE AND READING SCHEDULE

January 10, 2005

Required Readings

Davies: Preface, pp. xi-xiii; Introduction (Part 1); Chapters 1, 2, & 3.

January 17, 2005   Martin Luther King Day

January 24, 2005

Lecture. Evaluation Process; Assessment of Risk; Treatment Planning.

Required Readings

Davies: Chapter 4; Introduction (Part II).

January 31, 2005

Lecture. Parenthood: Risk Factors in Parenthood; The Impact of the Parent's Past on Child Rearing; Parent Training Models; Problems of Bias Based on Practitioner/Parent Differences.

Case Presentation: Vignettes Illustrating Parent Work.

Required Readings

Davies: Chapter 1 (review); Chapters 5 & 6.

February 7, 2005

Lecture: Evaluation of Change/Progress in Children and Adolescents; Evidence for the Efficacy of Different Therapeutic Approaches; Review and Critique of Research in Evidence-Based Treatments.

Required Readings

Handouts

February 14, 2005

Lecture. Infants and Toddlers: Normal Development; Clinical Applications of Attachment Theory; Clinical Issues in Work With Infants and Toddlers and Parents.

Case Presentation: Parent-Toddler Psychotherapy

Required Readings


Davies: Chapter 7.

February 21, 2005  Paper #1 Due

Lecture. Severe Developmental Disorders, Disabilities and Chronic Illness: Issues in Assessment and Treatment; Work With Parents of Seriously Impaired and Ill Children.

Case Presentation: A Three Year Old With A Pervasive Developmental Disorder: Assessment and Intervention Planning.
Required Readings

Davies: Chapter 8.


March 7, 2005

Lecture: Preschoolers: Normal Development, ages 3-6; Common Clinical Issues in Work With Preschoolers; The Use of Symbolic Play in Work With Young Children.

Case Presentation: Psychotherapy of a Preschool Child.

Required Readings

Davies: Chapters 9 & 10.


March 14, 2005

Lecture: Middle Childhood: Normal Child Development, Ages 6-12; Clinical Issues in Work With School Age Children.

Case Presentations: Vignettes Illustrating the School Age Child's Communication Styles and Therapeutic Techniques in Response.

Required Readings

Davies: Chapters 11 & 12.

March 21, 2005

Lecture: 1) Group Treatment of School Age Children; 2) Individual and Family Treatment of Bereaved Children.

Case Presentation: Group Work With School Age Children of Divorce.

Required Readings

Davies: Chapter 13.
March 28, 2005

Lecture. 1) Clinical Issues in Treatment of Abused and Neglected Children: Trauma Theory; The Model of Post-Traumatic Stress; Treatment Approaches. 2) Supportive Treatment With More Disturbed School Age Children.

Required Readings


April 4, 2005  Paper #2 Due

Lecture. Early Adolescent Development: The Transition from Middle Childhood to Adolescence; Adolescent Separation-Individuation. Evaluation of Adolescents.

Case Presentation. Evaluation of an Adolescent.

Required Readings

Steiner, Treating Adolescents: Introduction, Chapters 1, 4.

April 11, 2005

Lecture. The "Career" of the Foster Child. Clinical Issues of Children and Adolescents Placed in Foster Care; Adoption Issues.

Case Presentation: Supportive Therapy With a Young Adolescent Released from Adoption and Placed in Foster Care.

Required Readings


Steiner, Chapters 2, 9.

April 18, 2005

Lecture. The Treatment Alliance With Adolescents; Treatment of Late Adolescents

Case Presentations: 1) Treatment Failure or Success? 2) Attachment Issues in The Treatment of An Older Adolescent Experiencing Difficulties With Intimacy.

Required Readings

Steiner, Chapters 5, 6, 7.